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TIPS FOR THESIS WRITING AND PREPARING RESEARCH PAPERS

<u>Initial parts of a manuscript</u>

Choice of TITLE

Providing AUTHORSHIP credits

Selection of KEY WORDS

Structure of the ABSTRACT

Main body of the report

Contents of INTRODUCTION

Describing the METHODS

Stating RESULTS

Writing DISCUSSION

End features of a report

Ethics of ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Framing KEY MESSAGES

Writing REFERENCES

Need of a BIBLIOGRAPHY

Contents of APPENDIX

For an updated version, see

Basic Methods of Medical Research, Fourth Edition

by A. Indrayan (http://indrayan.weebly.com)

AITBS Publishers, Delhi

(Phones: 011-22009084) (available also at amazon.com)

email: aitbsindia@gmail.com, aitbs@bol.net.in

MAIN BODY OF THE REPORT

It is customary to prepare a medical research report in IMRaD format. This is a suitable format for publication is a scientific journal, and quite often used for postgraduate thesis also. For details, click the required link given above. These provide tips for writing other forms of report also.

Title - Concise (generally not exceeding 15 words) yet informative.

Authors - Only those who have *substantially* contributed and are prepared to take up public responsibility of the contents.

Keywords - About 5-6 for indexing purposes that could retrieve the paper from a database.

Abstract – Generally structured into Background, Methods, Results and Conclusion; lucid, stand alone, and containing all salient features of the study in not exceeding 300 words (consult the journals instructions).

<u>Introduction</u> – Rationale of the study and what new is expected to be achieved: research questions, objectives and hypothesis.

<u>M</u>ethods – Why the study was done in that particular manner including the impact on validity and reliability of results.

Results – Select data that focus on the stated objectives; make judicious use of tables and illustrations for precision and impact respectively without duplication.

and

 $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ iscussion – Implication of the results in the light of existing knowledge and resolution of conflict if any; conclusion based on evidence alongwith the limitations; keep opinions and comments separate from evidence-based results.

Acknowledgments - Thank those who contributed but not enough to qualify as author.

Key messages – Two or three messages in a box that highlight the achievements of the study.

References – Preferably in Vancouver format, and restrict the list to the minimum needed to substantiate the statements made in the text.

Appendix - Highly technical or specialised text not of much interest to the general reader.